# Asymmetric Dimethyl-arginine Antibody (ADMA) Asym26

Catalog No.	13-0011
Lot No.	13281001
Pack Size	100 µl

TypePolyclonalHostRabbitMol. Wgt.N/AReactivityH, M, WRFormatSerumAppl.WB

### **Product Description:**

Asymmetric dimethylation of arginine (aDMA) is a posttranslational modification catalyzed by type I arginine methyltransferase enzymes and found on many proteins, including RNA binding proteins and histones. Asym26 recognizes ADMA present at GAR (glycine-arginine rich sequences).

#### Immunogen:

Synthetic peptide KFGGRGGGRGGGRGGFGGRGGRG with arg residues containing ADMA, conjugated to KLH.

#### **Formulation:**

Rabbit serum with 30% glycerol and 0.035% sodium azide.

#### **Storage and Stability:**

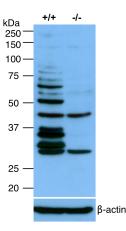
Stable for 2 years at -20°C from date of receipt.

#### **Application Notes:**

Asym26 antibody is useful for Western blotting (1:500 - 1:2,000 dilution) to detect ADMA on a variety proteins.

## **References Using this Product:**





**Western Blot Data:** Western blot using Asymmetric Dimethylarginine Antibody (ADMA) Asym26 antibody (1:500 dilution) on mouse embryonic fibroblast (MEF) whole cell extract derived from cells with (+/+) or without (-/-) the PRMT1 gene. Asym26 detects multiple proteins in the "PRMT1 +/+" cell extract lane, indicating proteins containing ADMA. PRMT1 is responsible for the majority of ADMA in mammals, and thus the majority of

Applications Key: ChIP: Chromatin IP; ChIP-seq: Chromatin IP sequencing; E: ELISA; FACS: Flow cytometry; IF: Immunofluorescence; IHC: Immunohistochemistry; IP: Immunoprecipitation; WB: Western Blotting

Reactivity Key: B: Bovine; Ce: C. elegans; Ch: Chicken; Dm: Drosophila; Eu: Eukaryote; H: Human; M: Mouse; Ma: Mammal; R: Rat; Sc: S. cerevesiae; Sp: S. pombe; WR: Wide Range (predicted); X: Xenopus; Z: Zebrafish